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#### **GPU Nuclear Corporation**

Post Office Box 480 Route 441 South Middletown, Pennsylvania 17057-0191 717 944-7621 TELEX 84-2386 Writer's Direct Dial Number:

Dooc

(717) 948-8461

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October 30, 1984

TMI Program Office Attn: Dr. B. J. Snyder Program Director US Nuclear Regulatory Commission Washington, DC 20555

Dear Dr. Snyder:

Three Mile Island Nuclear Station, Unit 2 (TMI-2) Operating License No. DPR-73 Docket No. 50-320 General Project Design Criteria

Attached for your information is Revision 5 to the General Project Design Criteria. This revision modifies the definitions for Safety Related and Important to Safety such that they correspond exactly to the TMI-2 Recovery Quality Assurance Plan.

If you have any questions concerning this information, please call Mr. J. J. Byrne of my staff.

Sincerely.

F. R. Standerfer/ Vice President/Director, TMI-2

FRS/JJB/jep

Attachment

cc: Deputy Program Director - TMI Program Office, Dr. W. D. Travers

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GPU SERVICE CORPORATION THREE MILE ISLAND - UNIT 2 RECOVERY FACILITIES

## DESIGN CRITERIA DOCUMENTS COVER SHEET

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#### 1.0 GENERAL

1.1 INTRODUCTION

1.1.1 This design criteria is applicable only to those facilities and activities for which Bechtel has design responsibility.

1.1.2 This section of the General Project Design Criteria contains information common to all disciplines.

1.1.3 The General Project Design Criteria is applicable to facilities designed by Bechtel for the TMI-2 recovery effort. The criteria presented herein are not applicable to the rebuilding of the unit for power generation. The General Project Design Criteria is to be applied to each facility by reference in each facility's specific design criteria document. Any conflicts between the general and specific criteria must be identified in the specific design criteria document.

1.1.4 Existing plant systems interfacing recovery systems need not be upgraded to current codes and standards applicable to the recovery systems and associated tie-ins.

1.1.5 Recovery project designs pertaining to systems, structures, and components classified as safety related or important to safety shall incorporate pertinent requirements from applicable NRC Regulatory Guides listed in the Project Nuclear Quality Assurance Manual. Systems, structures, and components to which the Project Nuclear Quality Assurance Program applies are identified in the Project Q-List, document number 13587-2-G20-100, and the Project NSQ-List, document number 13587-2-G20-101.

#### **1.2 PROJECT OBJECTIVES**

1.2.1 There are four main objectives of the TMI-2 recovery. These objectives are:

- 1) Decontaminate the reactor building and equipment contained therein
- 2) Remove and store the reactor core
- 3) Decontaminate the Reactor Coolant System
- 4) Process radioactive waste

1.2.2 In order to achieve these objectives additional facilities and systems will be required. Some of these facilities will be permanent in nature; others will only be for the recovery of the unit and will be removed prior to the unit returning to service.

1.2.3 In addition to the facilities and systems to be provided, there will be plans developed for many of the activities required to achieve the project objectives.

#### **1.3 PROJECT CONCERNS**

1.3.1 There are two major concerns that directly influence the design of the facilities and the operations required for the cleanup of TMI-2. These concerns are:

- 1) Public health and safety
- 2) Occupational health and safety

#### 2.0 DEFINITIONS

2.1 SAFE SHUTDOWN EARTHQUAKE (SSE)

The safe shutdown earthquake is that earthquake which is based upon an evaluation of the maximum earthquake potential considering the regional and local geology and seismology and specific characteristics of local subsurface material. It is that earthquake which produces the maximum vibratory ground motion for which certain structures, systems, and components are designed to remain functional.

2.2 OPERATING BASIS EARTHQUAKE (OBE)

The operating basis earthquake is that earthquake which, considering the regional and local geolegy and seismology and specific characteristics of local subsurface material, could reasonably be expected to affect the plant site during the operating life of the plant; it is that earthquake which produces the vibratory ground motion for which those features of the nuclear power plant necessary for continued operation without undue risk to the health and safety of the public are designed to remain functional.

#### 2.3 SEISMIC CATEGORY I/NON-SEISMIC CATEGORY I

Seismic Category I structures, systems, and components for seismic design purposes are defined as those structures, systems, and components important to safety that are designed to remain functional in the event of a safe shutdown earthquake. Items that are both Seismic Category I and important to safety are those structures, systems, and components:

- a. that are permanent plant components necessary to ensure the integrity of the reactor coolant pressure boundary,
- b. that are necessary to ensure the capability to shut down the reactor or to maintain the reactor in a safe shutdown condition (i.e., maintain subcriticality and decay heat removal), or to prevent a condition or event that could result in a return to nuclear criticality of fuel inside or outside the reactor vessel, or
- c. whose failure could result in potential offsite exposures comparable to the guideline values of 10 CFR Part 100. (Note: for the purpose of TMI-2 recovery only, no events or accidents have been postulated which could result in such offsite

exposures. Therefore, it is not expected that the guideline values of 10 CFR Part 100 will be invoked for design or operational-related activities during TMI Unit 2 recovery.)

Non-Seismic Category I structures, systems, and components are those whose failure would not result in the release of radioactivity in excess of 10 CFR 100 limits nor prevent reactor safe shutdown.

#### 2.4 DESIGN BASES

Design bases are postulated events/conditions or combinations of events/ conditions which establish the function and structural requirements of a structure, system, or component.

#### 2.5 SAFETY RELATED

As used in 10 CFR 100, Appendix A, this term refers to those structures, systems, or components designed to remain functional for the safe shutdown earthquake (SSE) necessary to ensure required safety functions, i.e.:

- a. The integrity of the reactor coclant pressure boundary
- b. The capability to shut down the reactor and maintain it in a safe shutdown condition; or
- c. The capability to prevent or mitigate the consequences of accidents which could result in potential offsite exposures comparable to the guideline exposures of 10 CFR 100.

Safety Related is a subset of Important to Safety.

#### 2.6 IMPORTANT TO SAFETY (ITS)

A special classification or category of those structures, systems, components, and activities that provide reasonable assurance that the cility can be operated without undue risk to the health and safety of the publ It encompasses the broad class of plant features covered (not nece arily <u>explicitly</u>) in the General Design Criteria (10 CFR 50 Appendix A) that contributes in important ways to the safe operation and protection of the public in all phases and aspects of facility operation (i.e., normal operation and transient control as well as accident mitigation). It includes "Safety Related" as a subset.

#### 3.0 LICENSING

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#### 3.1 INTRODUCTION

Recovery operations, activities, and work tasks-will be performed within the existing TMI-2 Technical Specifications and in accordance with applicable NRC Regulatory Guides. Specific design criteria shall identify applicable Technical Specifications and Regulatory Guide requirements.

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#### 3.2 BASIC CRITERIA

3.2.1 Facilities and systems constructed to support the recovery shall not be desigged to requirements based on the hypothesis of accidents at power.

3.2.2 Facilities and systems constructed for the life of the plant shall be designed to the applicable requirements specified in Chapter 3 of the TMI-2 FSAR in addition to the requirements necessary for the recovery. The latest applicable codes and standards will be employed.

3.2.3 To the extent practicable, facilities and services constructed for the recovery effort will be separate from existing facilities and services.

Where it is not practicable to separate the facilities and services constructed for the recovery effort from existing facilities and services, design requirements will be imposed as necessary in order not to compromise the original design bases of the existing facilities and services. These requirements shall be identified in the specific design criteria for the facility and service to be provided. The following will serve as guidelines:

- a. Where piping and cables to be left in place when the unit is returned to service are routed through buildings containing seismic Category I piping and cables, the failure of the nonseismic Category I components shall not result in the failure of the seismic Category I components as a result of a seismic event.
- b. Where services to support recovery must tie into existing plant services, isolation provisions commensurate with the design requirements of the existing plant service shall be provided.
- c. Where piping to be left in place when the unit is returned to service is routed through buildings containing safety-related equipment, the requirements for high energy line break and pipe whip specified in the TMI-2 FSAR shall be satisfied as applicable.
- d. Where cables to be left in place when the unit is returned to service are routed through buildings containing safety-related equipment, the requirements for separation and fire protection specified in the TMI-2 FSAR and TMI-2 Fire Protection Reevaluation shall be satisfied as applicable.

3.2.4 Facilities constructed to support the recovery effort shall not have as part of their design basis the severe natural phenomena for which the plant was originally designed. Included under "severe natural phenomena" are:

- a. Safe shutdown earthquake
- b. Tornado and tornado missile
- c. Maximum flood.

The facilities will be designed to ensure that there will be no loss of required function of existing adjacent safety-related structures, equipment, or systems should these events occur.

These facilities shall be designed for the more probable natural phenomena as called for by area building code requirements.

3.2.5 Facilities constructed to support the recovery shall not be designed for man-made events not resulting from recovery activities. Included under "man-made events not resulting from recovery activities" are:

- a. Transportation accidents occurring offsite
- b. Airplane crashes
- c. Release of toxic chemicals.

The facilities will be designed to ensure that there will be no loss of required function of existing adjacent safety-related structures, equipment, or systems should these events occur.

3.2.6 Environmental analyses will be performed in accordance with the methodology permitted by the Three Mile Island Nuclear Generating Station Offsite Dose Calculation Manual (ODCM). The site meteorology used for these analyses will be based on that contained in the ODCM.

3.2.7 For purposes of design evolution, the river characteristics specified in Chapter 2 of the TMI-2 FSAR shall be used. River water quality data is that specified in the Plant Design and Mechanical Design Criteria, 13587-2-M01-100.

3.3 DESIGN CONDITIONS

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This section defines the spectra of operating conditions to which the activities required for the recovery shall be designed. Also provided are the general design requirements for these operating conditions.

#### 3.3.1 Condition I - Normal Operation

Condition I occurrences are those that can reasonably be expected to occur during the recovery activities. Examples of Condition I occurrences are:

- a. Those that are normally expected to occur during the recovery including contamination/decontamination resulting from routine activities.
- Operations with equipment out of service or undergoing tests within operational limitations.

Condition I occurrences shall be accommodated with only routine action required to prevent an unplanned release of radioactive materials in effluents to unrestricted areas.

#### 3.3.2 Condition II - Incidents of Moderate Frequency

Condition II occurrences are those any one of which may reasonably be expected to occur during a calendar year and which could result in a release of redioactive material requiring additional support personnel and/or equipment to control. Examples of Condition II occurrences are:

- a. Loss of electrical power
- b. Minor leakage from systems installed to support the recovery
- c. Inadvertent actuation of a single active component in a system installed to support the recovery
- d. Single error by an operator engaged in a recovery activity
- e. Single active failure of a component (taken as the initiating event) in a system installed to support the recovery

Condition II occurrences shall be accommodated with, at most, a cessation of activities with the capability of resuming the activities after corrective action. Any release of radioactive materials in effluents to unrestricted areas shall be in conformance with Paragraph 20.1 of 10 CFR Part 20, "Standards for Protection Against Radiation."

#### 3.3.3 Condition III - Infrequent Incidents

Condition III occurrences are those which are not expected to occur but are assumed to occur during the lifetime of the recovery effort and could result in a significant release of radioactive material. Examples of Condition III occurrences are:

- a. Rupture of any tank utilized for the recovery effort
- b. Pipe break in a system installed to support the recovery
- c. Fire in an area where recovery activities occur
- d. An operating basis earthquake (OBE).
- e. Fuel handling accident in the reactor building (Note 2).

Condition III occurrences may result in damage to recovery facilities sufficient to preclude resumption of recovery activities for a considerable time. The release of radioactive material in effluents to unrestricted areas may exceed the guidelines of 10 CFR Part 20, "Standards for Protection Against Radiation," but shall not be sufficient to interrupt or restrict public use of those areas beyond the exclusion radius.

Note 2: The source term for the postulated occurrence is based on assuming the assembly with the peak inventory of radioactive material in the TMI-2 core is intact. The burnup is based on exact power history. Credit is taken for a decay period of two years or more.

#### 3.4 REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

#### 3.4.1 Code of Federal Regulations

The facilities and activities associated with the recovery shall satisfy the following:

- a. 10 CFR Part 20, Paragraph 20.103, Exposure of Individuals to Concentrations of Radioactive Materials in Air in Restricted Areas
- b. 10 CFR Part 20, Paragraph 20.10S, Permissible Levels of Radiation in Unrestricted Areas
- c. 10 CFR Part 26, Paragraph 20.106, Radioactivity in Effluents to Unrestricted Areas
- d. 10 CFR Part SO, Paragraph SO.34a, Design Objectives for Equipment to Control Releases of Radioactive Materia) in Effluents -Nuclear Power Reactors
- e. 10 CFR Part SO, Paragraph SO.36a, Technical Specifications on Effluents from Nuclear Power Reactors
- f. 10 CFR Part SO, Appendix A, General Design Criteria for Nuclear Power Plants
- g. 10 CFR Part SO, Appendix I, Numerical Guides for Design Objectives and Limiting Conditions for Operations to Meet the Criterion "As Low As Is Reasonably Achievable" for Radioactive Material in Light-Water-Cooled Nuclear Power Reactor Effluents, as specified by Appendix R of the Final Programmatic Environmental Impact Statement and incorporated into the TMI-2 operating license by Amendment No. 16
- h. 10 CFR Part 100, Reactor Site Criteria
- i. 29 CFR Part 1910, Occupational Safety and Health Standards (Department of Labor Regulations)
- j. 40 CFR Part 190, Uranium Fuel Cycle Standard (Environmental Protection Agency Regulations)
- k. 49 CFR Part 173, Shippers-General Requirements for Shipments and Packagings (Department of Transportation Regulations)
- 10°CFR Part SO, Appendix R, Fire Protection Program for Nuclear Power Facilities Operating Prior to January 1, 1979 (Exemption has been requested for Sections III G and III J per GPUNC letter 4400-82-L-0102, dated June 1S, 1982, J. J. Barton to Dr. B. J. Snyder. These sections of Appendix R will not be implemented during the recovery effort.)
- m. 40 CFR Parts 260 through 26S, Hazardous Waste Regulations (Environmental Protection Agency Regulations)

#### 3.4.2 Regulatory Guides

Table 1 lists many of the regulatory guides which may be applicable to individual facility or system design. This table and other regulatory guides shall be reviewed and any regulatory guides to be implemented shall be included as part of the specific design criteria for the associated facility or system.

#### 3.4.3 Standard Review Plans (SRPs)

The following SRPs and Branch Technical Positions shall be reviewed and the guidance provided used as applicable in designing the facilities and activities to support the recovery.

- a. SRP 11.2, Liquid Waste Management Systems, Rev. 1
- b. SRP 11.3, Gaseous Waste Management Systems, Rev. 1
- c. SRP 11.4, Solid Waste Management Systems, Rev. 1
- d. SRP 15.7.3, Postulated Radioactive Releases Due to Liquid Containing Tank Failures, Rev. 1
- e. Appendix A to Branch Technical Position APCSB 9.5-1, Guidelines for Fire Protection for Nuclear Power Plants Docketed Prior to July 1, 1976 (August 23, 1976)
- f. Branch Technical Position ETSB 11-3, Design Guidance for Solid Radioactive Waste Management Systems Installed in Light-Water-Cooled Nuclear Power Plants, Rev. 1

#### 3.4.4 State Regulations

The facilities and activities associated with the recovery shall satisfy the following:

Title 25, Environmental Resources; Chapter 75, Solid Waste Management (Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Resources Regulations)

3.5 INDUSTRY CODES AND STANDARDS

Applicable industry codes and standards are identified in the individual discipline design criteria.

#### 3.6 SAFETY ASSESSMENT

A safety assessment will be performed for each facility and activity to be provided. This assessment shall include a review of the final design to ensure that the safety criteria have been satisfied. When the assessment reveals that the final design does not satisfy the safety criteria, design changes shall be made or administrative controls imposed. b

#### 4.0 ALARA DESIGN CRITERIA AND CONSIDERATIONS

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The items listed in Table 2 form the basis for the TMI-2 Recovery Project ALARA program. During the design process, the applicable items shall be confidered and incorporated into the design as appropriate.

#### TABLE 1

#### **REGULATORY GUIDES**

<u>Reg. Guide 1.21</u>
 <u>Heasuring, Evaluating, and Reporting Radio-activity in Solid Wastes and Releases of Radioactive Materials in Liquids and Gaseous Effluents from Light-Water-Cooled Nuclear Power Plants (Rev. 1, June 1974)
</u>

#### Discussion

This guide is applicable to the design of radiation monitoring systems in liquid and gaseous effluent paths and in the design of means for determining the total curie quantity and radionuclide composition of solid wastes shipped offsite with the following clarification.

- (1) (Ref: Appendix A, Paragraph C) To preclude unnecessary radiation exposure to personnel, the curie and radionuclide determinations for solid radioactive waste shipped offsite will be performed to the extent and level required by Department of Transportation Regulations and 10 CFR Part 71, "Packaging of Radioactive Material." Additional sampling and analysis is not required.
- <u>Reg. Guid. 1.25</u>
   Assumptions Used for Evaluating the Potential Radiological Consequences of a Fuel Handling Accident in the Fuel Handling and Storage Facility for Boiling and Pressurized Water Reactors (Rev. 0, March 1972)

#### Discussion

The assumptions of the guide may be used with the following exceptions or clarifications, in the analysis of the potential radiological consequences of a fuel handling accident.

- [Ref: Paragraph C.3.b(2)] Whole-body gamma doses and beta-skin doses are presented separately, as the dose from beta radiation of the whole body is negligible. The total dose to the skin is the sum of the beta-skin dose and the whole-body gamma dose.
- (2) [Ref: Paragraph C.3.b(3)] Dose conversion factors are taken from Reg. Guide 1.109.
- (3) (Ref: Paragraph C.1) The source term for the postulated fuel handling accident is based on assuming the assembly with the peak inventory of radiaoctive material in the TMI-2 core is intact. The burnup is based on exact power history. Credit is taken for a decay period of two years or more.

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#### TABLE 1 (Continued)

- 3. Deleted
- 4. Deleted
- 5. <u>Reg. Guide 1.60</u> Design Response Spectra for Seismic Design of Nuclear Power Plants (Rev. 1, December 1973)

#### Discussion

This guide is applicable to facilities housing radioactive waste management systems and subject to and as invoked by Reg. Guide 1.143.

6. <u>Reg. Guide 1.61</u> - Damping Values for Seismic Design of Nuclear Power Plants (Rev. 0, October 1973)

#### Discussion

This guide is applicable to facilities housing radioactive waste management systems and subject to and as invoked by Reg. Guide 1.143.

- 7. Deleted
- <u>Reg. Guide 1.92</u> Combining Modal Responses and Spatial Components in Seismic Response Analysis (Rev. 1, February 1976)

#### Discussion

This guide is applicable to facilities housing radioactive waste management systems and subject to and as invoked by Reg. Guide 1.143.

9. <u>Reg. Guide 1.109</u> - Calculation of Annual Doses to Man from Routine Releases of Reactor Effluents for the Purpose of Evaluating Compliance with 10 CFR Part 50, Appendix I (Rev. 1, October 1977)

#### Discussion

The assumptions of Regulatory Guide 1.109 are followed in the analysis of annual doses to man from routine releases.

- 10. Deleted
- 11. <u>Reg. Goide 1.112</u> Calculation of Releases of Radioactive Materials in Gaseous and Liquid Effluents from Light-Water-Cooled Power Reactors (Rev. 0, April 1976)

#### Discussion

The applicable methods described in this guide may be used in calculating estimated releases from liquid waste processing systems.

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#### TABLE 1 (Continued)

# 12. <u>Reg. Guide 1.113</u> - Estimating Aquatic Dispersion of Effluents from Accidental and Routine Reactor Releases for the Purpose of Implementing Appendix I (Rev. 1, April 1977)

#### Discussion

The applicable methods described in this guide may be used in estimating aquatic dispersion of effluents.

13. <u>Reg. Guide 1.132</u> - Site Investigations for Foundations of Nuclear Power Plants (Rev. 1, March 1979)

#### Discussion

Recognizing the site-sensitive aspects, the guidance provided by this guide may be used in the development of site investigation studies for foundations of facilities to be provided.

14. <u>Reg. Guide 1.138</u> - Laboratory Investigations of Soils for Engineering Analysis and Design of Nuclear Power Plants (Rev. 0, April 1976)

#### Discussion

Recognizing the site-sensitive aspects, the guidance provided by this guide may be used in the laboratory investigations of soils required by Reg. Guide 1.132.

15. <u>Reg. Guide 1.140</u> - Design, Testing, and Maintenance Criteria for Normal Ventilation Exhaust System Air Filtration and Adsorption Units of Light-Water-Cooled Nuclear Power Plants (Rev. 1, October 1979)

#### Discussion

The detailed project position is under development. However, this guide is applicable to atmosphere cleanup systems and, in general, the guidance provided may be followed.

16. <u>Reg. Guide 1.143</u> - Design Guidance for Radioactive Waste Management Systems, Structures, and Components Installed in Light-Water-Cooled Nuclear Power Plants (Rev. 1, October 1979)

#### TABLE 1 (Continued)

#### Discussion

This guide is applicable to systems and facilities that are associated with the control and management of liquid, gaseous, and solid radioactive waste. (Note: radioactive waste means those liquids, gases, or solids containing radioactive materials that by design or operating practice will be processed prior to final disposition.)

17. <u>Reg. Guide 8.8</u>

 Information Relevant to Ensuring That Occupational Radiation Exposure at Nuclear Power Stations Will Be as Low as Is Reasonably Achievable (Rev. 3, June 1978)

#### Discussion

The design considerations, personnel qualifications, and plans and procedures for ensuring that occupational radiation exposures will be as low as is reasonably achievable are in accordance with Regulatory Guide 8.8 subject to the following clarifications or exceptions:

- (1) (Ref: Paragraph C.2) The design features discussed in this paragraph are described in general terms which may permit several acceptable alternative designs for a particular application, e.g., different types or amounts of shielding.
- (2) (Ref: Paragraph C.2.g) Airborne monitoring equipment will be provided in areas to which personnel normally have access and in which there is a potential for airborne radioactivity. In addition, area radiation monitors will be provided in areas to which personnel normally have access and where there is a potential for personnel unknowingly receiving high levels of radiation exposure (e.g., in excess of 10 CFR 20 limits) in a short period of time because of system failure or improper personnel action.
- Note: For guidance on the following Regulatory Guides, consult the Bechtel Nuclear Quality Assurance Manual (NQAM).
- 1.26 QA Classifications and Standards for Water Stream and Radioactive Waste Containing Components of Nuclear Power Plants, Rev. 3, February 1976
- 1.29 Seismic Design Classification, Rev. 3, September 1978.

1.30 QA Requirements for the Installation, Inspection and Testing of Instrumentation and Electrical Equipment, August 11, 1972.

1.31 Control of Ferrite Content in Stainless Steel Weld Metal, Rev. 3, April 1978.

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#### TABLE 1 (Continued)

- 1.37 QA Requirements for Cleaning of Fluid Systems and Associated Components of Water Cooled Nuclear Power Plants, March 16, 1973.
- 1.38 QA Requirements for Packaging, Shipping, Receiving, Storage and Handling of Items for Water Cooled Nuclear Power Plants, Rev. 2, May 1977.
- 1.39 Housekeeping Requirements for Water Cooled Nuclear Power Plants, Rev. 2, September 1977.
- 1.54 QA Requirements for Protective Coatings Applied to Water Cooled Nuclear Power Plants, June 1973.
- 1.94 QA Requirements for Installation, Inspection and Testing of Structural Steel and Concrete during the Construction Phase of Nuclear Power Plants, Rev. 1, April 1976.
- 1.116 QA Requirements for Installation, Inspection and Testing of Mechanical Equipment and Systems, Rev. 0-R, May 1977.

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## TABLE 2

## ALARA ITEMS

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| Item<br>No. | Description   | Responsibilities | Note |
|-------------|---|------------------|------|
| Sec. A      | FACILITY ARRANGEMENT  |                  |      |
| 1.0         | Facility Layout   |                  |      |
| 1.1         | Check that equipment with contact<br>radiation levels of Zone III (see<br>Table 4) or greater is separated<br>from Zone II and lower areas by<br>shielding or distance plus access<br>barriers.   | N                | *    |
| 1.2         | Check that major equipment which by<br>design accumulates or concentrates<br>radioactivity with Zone III or greater<br>contact radiation levels is shielded or<br>separated from adjacent active and<br>passive equipment to meet the appli-<br>cable radiation shielding criteria<br>for adjacent areas. | N                |      |
| 1.3         | Check that equipment compartments are<br>arranged such that radiation zone<br>differences between adjacent areas<br>are minimized.  | N                | *    |
| 1.4         | Check that personnel access control<br>and traffic patterns are considered<br>to minimize spread of contamination<br>during all facility operating modes.   | A, N, PD         | *    |
| 1.5         | Check that active components in clean<br>(nonradioactive) services are not<br>located in Radiation Zone III or<br>greater.  | N                | *    |
| 1.6         | Check that equipment subject to removal<br>or replacement has adequate aisles or<br>area access and built-in provisions<br>(such as monorails, jib cranes, etc.)<br>for removal.  | PD               | *    |
| 1.7         | Check that access to components<br>requiring frequent maintenance,<br>in-service inspection, adjustment,<br>etc. is from the lowest practicable<br>radiation zone and not via a Zone V.   | PD               | *    |

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## TABLE 2 (Continued)

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| Item<br>No. | Description  | Responsibilities | Note |
|-------------|--|------------------|------|
| 1.8         | Check that adequate space and<br>facilities are provided for<br>clothing change stations out-<br>side contaminated areas.  | A                |      |
| 1.9         | Check that all corridors and<br>normal traffic areas are Zone I<br>or II.  | N, A             | *    |
| 2.0         | Equipment Location   |                  |      |
| 2.1         | Check that adequate space is provided around equipment to allow ease of maintenance.   | PD, CS           |      |
| 2.2         | Check that equipment maintenance<br>envelopes include estimated size of<br>rigging requirements and temporary<br>shielding, if required.   | PD               |      |
| 2.3         | Check that laydown area requirements for equipment are available.  | PD               | *    |
| 2.4         | Check that equipment which requires<br>routine maintenance, service, testing,<br>or inspection, such as instruments,<br>sample stations, or rotating components,<br>are located to provide maximum direct<br>access. | PD, CS           | Ŕ    |
| 2.5         | Check that the clear space for door-<br>ways is a minimum of 3 feet by 7 feet<br>and that there is adequate access for<br>personnel, tools, and component<br>removal.  | A, PD            | *    |
| 2.6         | Check that equipment manways are readily accessible.   | PD               |      |
| 2.7         | Check that high radiation equipment<br>is located such that interconnecting<br>h‡gh radiation piping is minimized.   | PD<br>:          |      |
| 3.0         | Specific Component Layout  |                  |      |
| 3.1         | Filters  |                  |      |
|             | Check that adequate space is provided for semi-remote  | PD               | ×    |
|             |  | Dee              | 16   |

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## TABLE 2 (Continued)

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| Item<br><u>No.</u> | Description  | Responsibilities | Note  |
|--------------------|--|------------------|-------|
|                    | removal, cask loading, and trans-<br>porting spent radioactive filter<br>cartridges to the solid radwaste<br>area.   |                  |       |
| 3.2                | Pumps  |                  |       |
| 3.2.1              | Check that small pumps are oriented<br>in a manner that allows easy removal<br>from the area.  | PO               |       |
| 3.2.2              | Check that adequate access is provided for pump seal replacement.  | PO               |       |
| 3.3                | Tanks  |                  |       |
| 3.3.1              | Check that direct access and removal space is provided for motors of tank agitators.   | PO               | *     |
| 3.3.2              | Check that direct access to active<br>components or manways is provided<br>into the upper levels of tank rooms<br>as well as the lower elevations.                 | PO               | *     |
| 3.3.3              | Check that adequate space is provided for tank internals cleaning operations.  | PO               |       |
| 3.4                | Evaporators  |                  |       |
| 3.4.1              | Check that concentrates and distillate components are adequately separated.  | PO               |       |
| 3.4.2              | Check that components which accumulate<br>radioactivity or crud, such as heating<br>tubes, are separated from active com-<br>ponents such as valves.               | PO, N            |       |
| 3.4.3              | Check that adequate space is provided<br>to allow uncomplicated removal of<br>heating tube bundles.  | P0               |       |
| 3.5                | Sample Stations  |                  |       |
| 3.5.1              | Check that sample stations for<br>routine sampling of process fluids<br>are separated by shielding or distance<br>from other radicactive components to<br>Zone II. | PO, N, CS        |       |
|                    |  | Pa               | ge 17 |

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## TABLE 2 (Continued)

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| Item<br>No. | Description  | Responsibilities | Note |
|-------------|--|------------------|------|
| 3.5.2       | Check that local ventilation (e.g.,<br>a hood) is provided at sample stations<br>containing radioactive materials.   | PD, N, CS        |      |
| 3.6         | Ventilation System Components  |                  |      |
| 3.6.1       | Check that ventilation fans and filters are provided with adequate access space to permit servicing.   | PD               |      |
| 3.6.2       | Check that outside air supply and<br>building exhaust system components<br>are in areas no greater than Zone II.   | PD               |      |
| 3.6.3       | Check that general ventilation flow is<br>from areas of potential (or actual)<br>low contamination to areas of potential<br>(or actual) high contamination.  | PD               |      |
| 3.7         | Instruments  |                  |      |
| 3.7.1       | Check that instruments which require<br>periodic attention are located in<br>Zone II (or lower) areas whenever<br>possible.  | CS               |      |
| 3.7.2       | If instruments must be located in<br>Zone III or greater, check that<br>they are r unted so that they are<br>readily accessible for maintenance<br>and calibration and are easily<br>removable to a lower radiation zone<br>for extended servicing or calibration. | PD, CS           |      |
| 3.7.3       | If control valves must be located in<br>Zone IV or greater, check that appur-<br>tenances such as E/P converters,<br>airsets, and solenoid valves are not<br>mounted on the control valve but are<br>located in a lower radiation zone.                            | PD, CS           |      |
| 3.8         | Stamps   |                  |      |
|             | Check that sumps capable of<br>accumulating radioactive wastes<br>are located in zones compatible with<br>radiation levels due to the contained<br>activity.   | PD               |      |

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## TABLE 2 (Continued)

| Item<br>No. | Description   | Responsibilities | Note  |
|-------------|---|------------------|-------|
| Sec. B      | SHIELDING   |                  |       |
| 1.0         | Bulk Shielding  |                  |       |
| 1.1         | Check that shielding or separation<br>is provided between radiation zone<br>areas to meet the radiation level<br>criteria for adjacent areas.                                     | N                | *     |
| 1.2         | Check that shielding design is based<br>on conservative or measured radiation<br>source term, component design, and<br>plant layout assumptions.                                  | N .              |       |
| 1.3         | Check that poured concrete density<br>specifications are consistent with<br>shielding design basis minimum<br>densities.  | N, C             |       |
| 1.4         | Check that concrete block density<br>specifications are consistent with<br>shielding design basis minimum<br>densities.   | N, A             |       |
| 1.5         | Check that concrete block wall designs meet or exceed the minimum shielding requirements.   | N, A             |       |
| 1.6         | Check that removable or temporary<br>shielding is designed consistent<br>with applicable radiation shielding<br>criteria for adjacent areas.                                      | N                |       |
| 2.0         | Penetration and Discontinuity Shielding   |                  |       |
| 2.1         | Check that penetrations, such as H&V<br>ducts and piping, are either located<br>with an offset between radiation sources<br>and accessible areas or are appropriatel<br>shielded. |                  |       |
| 2.2         | Cweck that penetrations are located as far as possible above the accessible . floor elevation.  | . N, PO, E, CS   |       |
| 2.3         | Check that penetration shielding is<br>provided as necessary to meet the<br>radiation shielding criteria in<br>adjacent accessible areas.   | N                |       |
|             |   | Par              | ne 19 |

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## TABLE 2 (Continued)

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| Item<br>No. | Description   | Responsibilities | Note |
|-------------|---|------------------|------|
| 2.4         | Check that seismic gap shielding is<br>provided to maintain radiation levels<br>in adjacent accessible areas within<br>radiation shielding criteria limits.   | N, C             |      |
| 3.0         | Entryway Shielding  |                  |      |
| 3.1         | Check that there is no direct or near direct shine out of shielded cells.   | N                | *    |
| 3.2         | Check that adequately shielded<br>labyrinths or hatches are provided<br>to limit direct and scattered<br>radiation out of shielded areas.   | N                | *    |
| Sec. C      | SYSTEM DESIGN   |                  |      |
| 1.0         | Decontamination Provisions  |                  |      |
| 1.1         | Check that radioactive systems with<br>Zone V component radiation levels<br>have provisions to flush the entire<br>system. Flushing capability should be<br>available even if the system pump is<br>inoperable.   | M, PD            |      |
| 1.2         | Check that major components of the<br>primary coolant purification system<br>where crud can collect up to Zone V<br>radiation levels, such as filters, heat<br>exchangers, etc. have provisions<br>for chemical decontamination, including<br>low point drains. Check that means are<br>available to take the decon solution to<br>chemical waste area. | M, PD            |      |
| 1.3         | Check that seal flush water is provided to pumps with chemical or slurry wastes.  | M, PD            |      |
| 1.4         | Check that all serviceable components have isolating and draining capability.   | M, PD, CS        |      |
| 1.5         | Check that provisions are available to flush potentially contaminated instrument lines.   | M, PD, CS        |      |

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## TABLE 2 (Continued)

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| Item<br>No. | Description   | Responsibilities | Note |
|-------------|---|------------------|------|
| 1.6         | Check that flush connections are<br>located downstream of the component<br>isolation valve on the inlet line and<br>upstream of the isolation valve on the<br>outlet line, and as close as possible<br>to the inlet and outlet connections of<br>the component. | M, PD            |      |
| 1.7         | Check that isolation valves are<br>provided on the flush connections<br>and are located as close as possible<br>to the main pipe.   | M, PO            |      |
| 1.8         | Check that all flush connections are equipped with quick connect/disconnect fittings.   | M, PO            |      |
| 2.0         | Remote Operation and Instrumentation  |                  |      |
| 2.1         | Check that adequate process instrumen-<br>tation and controls are available to<br>allow system and component operation<br>from a low radiation zone.  | CS               |      |
| 2.2         | Check that filters which accumulate<br>high radioactivity are designed with<br>the means either to backflush the<br>filter remotely or to perform cartridge<br>replacement with semi-remote tools.  | PO               |      |
| 2.3         | Check that probe type instruments are<br>used on highly radioactive tanks con-<br>taining two-phase materials.  | CS               |      |
| 3.0         | Leakage Provisions  |                  |      |
| 3.1         | Check that tank overflow lines are directed to the waste collection system.   | PO               |      |
| 3.2         | Check that sludge tanks and air mixing<br>tanks which contain radioactive<br>materials are vented to the respective<br>building ventilation system or the vent<br>collection system.  | P0<br>:          |      |
| 3.3         | Check that strainers are included in vent lines from tanks containing spent resins or sludge.   | PO               |      |
|             |   | Dag              | e 21 |

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## TABLE 2 (Continued)

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| Item<br>No. | Description   | Responsibilities | Note |
|-------------|---|------------------|------|
| 4.0         | <u>Demineralizers</u>   |                  |      |
| 4.1         | Check that demineralizers in radio-<br>active systems and associated piping<br>are designed with provisions for<br>being flushed with demineralized<br>water. | PD               |      |
| 4.2         | Check that strainers are located immed-<br>iately downstream of ion exchangers.   | PD               |      |
| 4.3         | Check that drains and downstream strainers are designed for full system pressure drop.  | M, PD            |      |
| 4.4         | Check that strainers are included in vent lines from the demineralizer vessel.  | PD               |      |
| 4.5         | Check that flush connections are<br>provided at all critical locations<br>(such as elbows, ties, valves) to<br>clear potential plugs.                         | PD               |      |
| 4.6         | Check that flow in piping is turbulent enough to maintain suspension of fines.  | М                |      |
| 5.0         | Floor Drains  |                  |      |
| 5.1         | Check that equipment drains are piped directly to a drainage collection system.   | PD               |      |
| 5.2         | Check that provisions are made to remove plugging should it occur in drain lines.   | PD               |      |
| 5.3         | Check that radioactive and potentially radioactive drains are separated from nonradioactive drains.   | PD               |      |
| Sec. 0      | PIPING AND VALVE DESIGN   |                  |      |
| 1.0         | Pipe Routing  |                  |      |
| 1.1         | Check that piping containing radio-<br>active materials is routed through<br>suitably zoned, controlled access<br>areas in accordance with piping             | PD               |      |

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## TABLE 2 (Continued)

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| Item<br><u>No.</u> | radiation classification as shown in   | <u>Responsibilities</u> | Note |
|--------------------|--|-------------------------|------|
|                    | Table 3.   |                         |      |
| 1.2                | Check that equipment compartments<br>contain radioactive piping associated<br>only with equipment within the compart-<br>ment or that nonassociated piping is<br>adequately separated.                         | PD                      |      |
| 1.3                | Check that where it is necessary<br>for radioactive piping to be routed<br>through corridors or other radiation<br>zone areas, shielded pipeways are<br>provided to meet area radiation level<br>requirements. | PD, N                   |      |
| 1.4                | Check that long runs of exposed<br>radioactive piping are minimized,<br>particularly in active component<br>areas such as valve galleries or<br>pump cells.  | PD                      |      |
| 1.5                | Check that radioactive piping is routed to take credit for shielding effects of equipment or structures.   | N, PD                   |      |
| 2.0                | Valve Location   |                         |      |
| 2.1                | Check that valves are separated from<br>components which accumulate or<br>contain radioactivity by shielding<br>or distance to meet the applicable<br>radiation shielding criteria levels.                     | N, PD                   |      |
| 2.2                | Check that valves are readily accessible from floors or permanent platforms.   | PD, CS                  |      |
| 2.3                | Check that sufficient space is pro-<br>vided to facilitate valve and valve<br>operator maintenance, operations,<br>and testing.  | PD, CS                  |      |
| 2.4                | Check that valves are not located in . radioactive pipeways.   | PD, CS                  |      |
| 2.5                | Check that vent and drain isolation<br>and instrument root isolation valves<br>are located as close as practical to<br>process piping or components.   | PD, CS                  |      |

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## TABLE 2 (Continued)

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| Item<br>No. |   | Responsibilities | Note |
|-------------|---|------------------|------|
| 2.6         | Check that process valves are not located at low points in piping.  | PD               |      |
| 2.7         | Check that reach rods or remote<br>manipulators are provided for<br>manually operated valves that are<br>required in potentially high radi-<br>ation areas (Zone V or greater). | PD, N            |      |
| 3.0         | Pipe Design   |                  |      |
| 3.1         | Check that branch lines having little<br>or no flow during normal operation<br>are connected above the horizontal<br>midplane of the main pipe.                                 | PD               |      |
| 3.2         | Check that thermal expansion loops in radioactive systems are raised rather than dropped.   | PD               |      |
| 3.3         | Check that orifices are located on<br>vertical piping runs if possible. If<br>located in horizontal piping runs,<br>use eccentric design of the orifice.                        | PD, CS           |      |
| 3.4         | Check that reducers are installed not<br>to form a stagnant pocket, i.e., use<br>eccentric design with bottom flat, excep<br>at pumps.  | PD               |      |
| 3.5         | Check that orifices located in hori-<br>zontal runs use an eccentric design<br>only if suspended solids are present<br>in the process fluid.                                    | PD, CS           |      |
| 3.6         | Check that lengths of radioactive pipe<br>runs and number of bends are minimized.   | PD               |      |
| 3.7         | Check that low points and dead legs in radioactive piping are minimized and are capable of being flushed.   | PD.              |      |
| 3.8         | Check that instrument and sensing<br>line connections are located in<br>such a way as to avoid corrosion<br>product and radioactive gas buildup.                                | PD, CS           |      |

## TABLE 2 (Continued)

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| Item<br>No. |  | Responsibilities | Note |
|-------------|--|------------------|------|
| 3.9         | Check that welded joints are used when-<br>ever possible to minimize crud traps<br>in the mechanical joints.   | PD, CS           |      |
| 4.0         | Valve and Valve Operator Selection   |                  |      |
| 4.1         | Check that full ported valves are used<br>in systems expected to handle spent<br>resins or slurries with radiation<br>levels of 25 mr/hr or greater at con-<br>tact with the surface of the pipe.<br>(See Table 3)   | M, PD, CS        |      |
| 4.2         | Check that valves 2-½ inches and<br>larger (except butterfly valves<br>and plug valves) in lines carrying<br>radioactive fluids with radiation<br>levels of 25 mr/hr or greater (con-<br>tact dose rate) are diaphragm, pack-<br>less, or have a double set of packing<br>with lantern ring. | M, PD, CS        |      |
| 4.3         | Check that all globe valves in drain<br>lines (excluding instrument valves)<br>2 inches and smaller are Y-pattern<br>globe valves to facilitate rodding<br>if plugging should occur.   | м, ИД            |      |
| 4.4         | Check that remote operators or<br>handwheels on reach rods are<br>provided for all valves, which must<br>be accessible during operation, in<br>lines processing evaporator bottoms<br>or spent resins.   | M, PD, CS        |      |
| 4.5         | Check that pressure relief valves<br>have flange connections to facilitate<br>removal for set pressure verification<br>and calibration.  | M, PD            |      |
| 4.6         | Check that valve operators are properly selected and meet the criteria in Table 3.   | M, PD<br>:       |      |
| 4.7         | Check that valve types are properly selected for their intended ser-vice and environment.  | M, PD            |      |

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## TABLE 2 (Continued)

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| Item<br>No.   | <u>R</u>  | esponsibilities | Note |
|---------------|---|-----------------|------|
| 4.8           | Check that plug valves or equal are<br>used on systems transporting resins<br>and sludge, and on radwaste systems.  | M, PD           |      |
| 5.0           | Spent Resin and Sludge Piping   |                 |      |
| 5.1           | Check that resin lines are continuously sloped in the direction of flow to avoid potential stagnant pockets.  | PD              |      |
| 5.2           | Check that valves are located as close<br>as possible to the spent resin tank room<br>to minimize the length of the dead leg.   | PD              |      |
| 5.3           | Check that flow control valves and orifices are not used in resin lines.  | H, CS           |      |
| 5.4           | Check that long radius (1.5 times the pipe diameter or greater) bends and elbow are used at direction changes.  | PD              |      |
| 5.5           | Check that directional changes in resin piping runs are minimized.  | PD              |      |
| 5.5           | Check that fluid velocity is high enough to keep resins in suspension.  | PD              |      |
| 5.7           | Check that system design permits flow<br>to be continuous until resins are<br>flushed from piping, or provision is<br>made for flushing at a velocity high<br>enough to pick up resins that heve<br>settled out during flow interruption. | 10              |      |
| <u>Sec. E</u> | <u>COMPONENT DESIGN</u> (For components contain-<br>ing radioactive fluids or located in<br>high radiation areas)   |                 |      |
| 1.0           | Specifications  |                 |      |
| 1.1           | Check that material requisitions specify<br>the radiation environmental requirements<br>for the intended material application.  |                 |      |
| 1.2           | Check that equipment design features<br>as presented in the remainder of<br>this section are included in the<br>appropriate equipment specification.  | M, CS           |      |

## TABLE 2 (Continued)

| Item<br>No. |   | Responsibilities | Note  |
|-------------|---|------------------|-------|
| 2.0         | Heat Exchangers   |                  |       |
| 2.1         | Check that corrosion-resistant tubes<br>of stainless steel or other suitable<br>material with welded tube-to-tube sheet<br>joints are provided to minimize leakage. | м                |       |
| 2.2         | Check that impact baffles are provided<br>with tube side and shell side velocities<br>limited to minimize erosive effects.  | н                |       |
| 2.3         | Check that drains are provided on the<br>lowest portion to ensure removal of<br>contaminated fluids.  | M, PD            |       |
| 2.4         | Check that where practical the contam-<br>inated side of the heat exchanger operat<br>at a lower pressure than the clean side.                                      |                  |       |
| 2.5         | Check that the more radioactive stream is on the tube side.   | н                |       |
| 3.0         | Evaporators   |                  |       |
|             | Check that chemical addition connec-<br>tions are provided to allow use of<br>chemicals for descaling operations.   | м                |       |
| 4.0         | Pumps (Small)   |                  |       |
| 4.1         | Check that pump casings are provided with drain connections.  | м                |       |
| 4.2         | Check that pumps in radiation areas<br>(Zone III or higher) are purchased<br>with mechanical seals to reduce seal<br>servicing time and leakage.                    | м                |       |
| 4.3         | Check that pumps in radioactive systems are provided with flanged connections for ease in removal.  | М                |       |
| 4.4         | Check that electrical quick disconnects are provided on pumps in high radiation zones (V or higher).  |                  |       |
| 4.5         | Check that painted surfaces of the<br>pump (if any) are painted with a<br>radiation-resistant and decontaminable<br>coating.  | M, A             |       |
| - 1. P. S   |   | Pa               | ge 27 |

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## TABLE 2 (Continued)

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| Item<br>No. |  | Responsibilities | Note |
|-------------|--|------------------|------|
| 4.6         | Check that the pump has long-lived<br>bearings and that lubrication is the<br>permanent type.  | н                |      |
| 4.7         | Check that the pump selection has considered the use of low RPM designs.   | H                |      |
| 5.0         | Tanks  |                  |      |
| 5.1         | Check that tanks in radioactive<br>service are provided with sloped<br>bottoms (win. 1 inch per foot of<br>tank diameter) and bottom outlet<br>connections. Conical or dished bottom<br>tanks with bottom connections are<br>acceptable. | М, С             |      |
| 5.2         | Check that adequate tank mixing is provided to prevent crud settling.  | Н                |      |
| 5.3         | Check that each tank requiring a manway<br>is top fitted with one of at least<br>a 2-foot diameter. (If a manway is<br>located on the side of a tank, it should<br>be clearly demonstrated that it is<br>necessary.)                     | М, С             |      |
| 5.4         | Check that side manways have<br>eccentrically hinged covers designed<br>to easily clear fastening studs.   | М, С             |      |
| 5.5         | Check that outlet pipes have backflush-<br>ing capability into the tank to break up<br>sediment. Backflush capability should<br>include air.   | M, PD            |      |
| 5.6         | Check that tank linings (if any) are suitable for the expected service.  | M, C, A          |      |
| 5.7         | Check that overflow lines are lower<br>than vent lines to prevent fluid from<br>contaminating vent lines.  | M, PD, C         |      |
| 5.8         | Check that a permanent connection is<br>provided for insertion of a hydrolaser<br>unit for decontamination of tanks in<br>Zone V areas.  | M, PD, C         |      |
|             |  |                  |      |

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## TABLE 2 (Continued)

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| Item<br>No. |   | Responsibilities | Note |
|-------------|---|------------------|------|
| 5.9         | Check that lzp joints were not used in tank constfuction.   | М, С             |      |
| 5.10        | Check that no backing strips were used on tank welds.   | м, с             |      |
| 5.11        | Check that backing rings were not used on nozzle welds.   | м, с             |      |
| 5.12        | Check that siphoning of liquid waste from tanks cannot occur.   | PD               |      |
| 5.13        | Check that in-line filters with<br>backflushing capability are provided<br>for tanks with a sludge buildup<br>potential.  | PD               |      |
| 5.14        | Check to ensure that tanks with a<br>potentially hazardous leakage conse-<br>quence are located over catch pans or<br>within curbs with drain lines<br>leading to radioactive liquid waste<br>storage tanks or to sumps capable<br>of handling a potential spill. | M, PD            |      |
| 6.0         | Instruments   |                  |      |
| 6.1         | Check that chemical seals are<br>provided on sensing lines on<br>process piping that may contain high<br>amounts of solids.   | CS               |      |
| 6.2         | Check that primary instruments which,<br>for functional reasons, are located<br>in high radiation zones (V and greater)<br>are designed for easy removal to a<br>radiation Zone II or lower for calibra-<br>tion.   |                  |      |
| 6.3         | Check that instruments are selected<br>which contain minimal quantities of<br>contaminated working fluids; e.g.,<br>pressure transducers rather than<br>bellows-type pressure gauges.   | CS 、             |      |
|             |   |                  |      |

## TABLE 2 (Continued)

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| Item<br>No. |  | Responsibilities | Note |
|-------------|--|------------------|------|
| 7.0         | Tools  |                  |      |
| 7.1         | Check that tool design has minimized cracks and crevices.  | н                |      |
| 7.2         | Check that corrosion-resistant<br>materials have been used for tool<br>construction (where applicable) and<br>that the materials and surface<br>finishes are conducive to decon-<br>tamination.                                      | М                |      |
| 7.3         | Check that tool design allows for flushing of potentially contaminated surfaces (inside and out).  | М                | 2    |
| 7.4         | Check the design to ensure that tools<br>can be easily assembled/disassembled<br>with simple hand tools and that the<br>design incorporates features to<br>either minimized installation time<br>or provide for remote installation. | М                |      |
| 7.5         | Check that all flush connections<br>(if applicable) have quick connect/<br>disconnect fittings.  | М                |      |
| 7.6         | Check that tool hangers and storage areas are accessible and serviceable.  | Н                |      |
| Sec. F      | MISCELLANEOUS FACILITY DESIGN  |                  |      |
| 1.0         | <u>Lighting</u>  |                  |      |
| 1.1         | Check that multiple electric lights<br>are provided for each cell or room<br>containing highly radioactive compo-<br>nents (Zone V and greater) so that<br>burnout of a single lamp will not re-<br>quire entry.                     | E                |      |
| 1.2         | CWeck that lighting in high radiation<br>areas (Zone V and greater) is actuated<br>from outside the area in the lowest<br>practical radiation zone.  | : E              |      |

## TABLE 2 (Continued)

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| Item<br>No. |   | Responsibilities | Note |
|-------------|---|------------------|------|
| 1.3         | Check that sufficient lighting is<br>provided in areas that contain remote<br>viewing devices to allow their efficient<br>use.  | E                |      |
| 1.4         | Check that plug-in, accessible,<br>bracket hung, removable units<br>are provided for easy removal<br>and relamping outside high radiation<br>areas. (Lightweight units are<br>preferable for ease of handling.)   | Ε                |      |
| 1.5         | Check that extension cord powered units<br>stored on brackets and cord hangers<br>outside the entrance are provided if<br>permanent units are not practical, and<br>the pre-placed brackets are provided<br>within the high radiation area to<br>facilitate installation. | E                |      |
| 1.6         | Check that long-life bulbs are provided in high radiation areas (Zone V).   | E                |      |
| 2.0         | Contamination Control and Coatings  |                  |      |
| 2.1         | Check the floor drains and properly<br>sloped floors are provided for each<br>room or cubicle containing serviceable<br>components with radiation levels of a<br>Zone III or higher.  | M, PD, C         |      |
| 2.2         | Check that local gas traps or porous seals are not used on floor drains from radiation areas.   | M, PD            |      |
| 2.3         | Check that gas traps are provided at the common sump or collection tank.  | M, PD            |      |
| 2.4         | Check that concrete surfaces in<br>areas of potential contamination<br>are covered with a smooth-surfaced<br>conting for the floor and wainscot,<br>which will allow easy decontamination.  | N, A             |      |
| 2.5         | Check that threshold curbs, cofferdams,<br>or other means are provided to control<br>radioactive leakage or spills.   | PD, A, C         |      |

## TABLE 2 (Continued)

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| Item<br>No. | R   | esponsibilities | Note |
|-------------|---|-----------------|------|
| 2.6         | Check that protection from backflooding of floor drains is provided.  | PD, C           |      |
| 3.0         | Access Platforms  |                 |      |
| 3.1         | Check that equipment subject to routine<br>maintenance (defined as at least once<br>per year) has permanent access platforms.   | PD, CS          |      |
| 3.2         | Check that direct access to active<br>components is provided from any working<br>platform.  | PD, CS          |      |
| 3.3         | Check that ample space is provided on<br>platforms for accommodating safe<br>personnel movement during replacement<br>of components (including the use of<br>any necessary material handling equip-<br>ment).                     | PD              |      |
| 4.0         | Remote Viewing Devices  |                 |      |
|             | Check that in high radiation areas<br>(Zone V and greater) where routine<br>visual surveillance inspections are<br>required, remote viewing devices are<br>provided.  | M, PD, CS       |      |
| 5.0         | Temporary Shielding   |                 |      |
|             | Check that when shielding is required<br>and permanent shielding is not feasible,<br>sufficient space and supports for portable<br>shielding are provided and the structure<br>is capable of accepting the additional<br>loading. | N, PD, C        |      |
| 6.0         | Insulation  |                 |      |
|             | Check that piping and components<br>requiring frequent (once per year<br>or greater) access for maintenance,<br>inspection, etc. utilize quick removal-<br>insulation wherever practical.   | GJ              |      |

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## TABLE 2 (Continued)

| Item<br>No. |  | Responsibilities | Note |
|-------------|--|------------------|------|
| 7.0         | Plant Services   |                  |      |
|             | Check that services such as electrical<br>power, water, respirable air, and<br>compressed air are available reasonably<br>close to radiation work areas. | M, PD, E, N      |      |

## Legend

| Symbol | Description  |
|--------|--|
| PD     | Plant Design   |
| CS     | Control Systems  |
| A      | Architectural  |
| E      | Electrical   |
| C      | Civil  |
| м      | Mechanical   |
| N      | Nuclear/Licensing  |
| *      | Item to be completed prior to transmittal of general arrangement drawing to client for initial review. |

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## TABLE 3

| Exposure Rate at<br>Contact with Pipe<br>Surface (mR/hr) | Radioactivity<br>Description  | Acceptable<br>Radiation Zone<br>Routing* |
|--|-------------------------------|--|
|  | Nonradioactive                | I, II, III, IV, V                        |
| 0.5  | Slightly<br>radioactive       | I, II, III, IV, V                        |
| 2.5  | Low radioactivity             | II, III, IV, V                           |
| 25   | Low to moderately radioactive | III, IV, V                               |
| 100  | Moderately radioactive        | IV, V                                    |
| >100   | Highly radioactive            | V, VI, VII                               |

## TYPICAL RADIOACTIVE PIPING CLASSIFICATION AND ROUTING

\* Routing of nonracioactive or low radioactivity piping in high radiation zones should be minimized.

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#### TABLE 4

#### RADIATION ZONES

| Zone | Design Dose Rate<br>(mrem per hour) | Access Description   |
|------|-------------------------------------|--|
| I    | \$0.5*                              | Uncontrolled, unlimited access   |
| II   | 0.5 to 2.5                          | Controlled, limited access 40 hours per week                                 |
| III  | 2.5 to 25                           | Controlled, limited access 4 to 40 hours<br>per week                         |
| IV   | 25 to 100                           | Controlled, limited access 1 to 4 hours per week                             |
| ۷    | 100 to 1000                         | Normally inaccessible access during emer-<br>gency                           |
| VI   | 1000 to 3000                        | Normally inaccessible access during emer-<br>gency<br>Locked barrier to zone |
| VII  | ≥3000                               | Normally inaccessible access during emer-<br>gency<br>Locked barrier to zone |

\* Design dose rates in office spaces and other Zone I areas which are continuously occupied 8 hours per day, 5 days per week or more shall be less than 0.25 mrem/hr. Corridors and other Zone I areas of a transient occupancy nature shall be below 0.5 mrem/hr.

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